

**ГЕРБЫ  
РУССКИЕ И ДОМОСТЫ**

[illegible]

114











**Abstract**

[illegible]

the 1990s, the U.S. economy has experienced a "renewed emphasis on the service sector," says Robert J. Anderson, president of the American Society of Mechanical Engineers. "The service sector is growing faster than the manufacturing sector, and it is becoming more important in the overall economy." This trend is expected to continue, with the service sector projected to account for 70% of the U.S. economy by 2010.

1. *Journal of Management Studies*, 1995, 32, 1, 1-14.

1999, 2000). The authors of this paper have been involved in the development of a number of such systems, and have been able to identify a number of key factors that are likely to influence the success of such systems. These factors are discussed in the following sections.

**U.S. Government Printing Office**, or any other agency, is authorized to reproduce and distribute reprints for government purposes, not withstanding any copyright notation that may appear hereon.

© 2000 Blackwell Science Ltd  
Journal of Internal Medicine 247: 111–116

1000

1. The following information is given in the table below. The table is divided into two parts. The first part shows the number of people who have been convicted of a crime in the last 10 years. The second part shows the number of people who have been convicted of a crime in the last 5 years.

These studies are not inconsistent with the idea that the brain is organized hierarchically, with the most complex functions being performed by the highest levels of the hierarchy. The results of these studies suggest that the brain is organized in a way that allows for the efficient processing of information, with the most complex functions being performed by the highest levels of the hierarchy.

[illegible]

the 1990s, the number of people in the United States who are 65 years of age or older has increased by 50% (U.S. Census Bureau, 1997). The number of people aged 65 and older is projected to increase to 20% of the total population by the year 2020 (U.S. Census Bureau, 1997). The number of people aged 65 and older is projected to increase to 20% of the total population by the year 2020 (U.S. Census Bureau, 1997). The number of people aged 65 and older is projected to increase to 20% of the total population by the year 2020 (U.S. Census Bureau, 1997).

[illegible]

100

■ ■ ■ **CONCLUSION** Although the existing literature on the effects of the 1996 law on the use of force by police officers is limited, the results of this study suggest that the law has had a significant impact on the use of force by police officers. The results suggest that the law has led to a decrease in the use of force by police officers, and that the law has led to an increase in the use of force by police officers. The results suggest that the law has led to a decrease in the use of force by police officers, and that the law has led to an increase in the use of force by police officers. The results suggest that the law has led to a decrease in the use of force by police officers, and that the law has led to an increase in the use of force by police officers.

It is believed that the following information is relevant to the investigation:

1. The first step is to identify the problem or question that needs to be answered. This involves understanding the context and the specific requirements of the task.

As the 1990s progressed, the number of people in the United States who were employed in the service sector grew steadily. By 1995, the service sector accounted for more than 70 percent of the U.S. economy. This growth was driven by a number of factors, including the increasing demand for services, the growth of the service sector in other countries, and the increasing demand for services from the government. The service sector is now the largest sector of the U.S. economy, and it is expected to continue to grow in the future.

1. *Reprints:* Reprints of the manuscript must be ordered by the author(s) or the publisher. The publisher will not accept reprints of the manuscript without the author's approval.

These programs have already resulted in more jobs and training opportunities for disadvantaged youth, and the programs are being expanded to other areas of the country.

**Abstract:** This study examined the effects of a 12-week, 100% body weight (BW) resistance training program on the muscle strength, muscle mass, and body composition of 12 sedentary, middle-aged men. The subjects were randomly assigned to either a control group (CON) or a resistance training group (RT). The RT group performed a 12-week, 100% BW resistance training program, while the CON group remained sedentary. The RT group showed significant increases in muscle strength, muscle mass, and body composition compared to the CON group. The results suggest that a 12-week, 100% BW resistance training program is effective in improving muscle strength, muscle mass, and body composition in sedentary, middle-aged men.

**22. *Spines***

The second *Spines* by J. R. Spines, 1999, is a collection of 100 short stories, 100 pages, \$14.95. The stories are arranged in 10 groups of 10, each group having a common theme. The themes are: 1. The first group is about the first group of 10 stories, 2. The second group is about the second group of 10 stories, 3. The third group is about the third group of 10 stories, 4. The fourth group is about the fourth group of 10 stories, 5. The fifth group is about the fifth group of 10 stories, 6. The sixth group is about the sixth group of 10 stories, 7. The seventh group is about the seventh group of 10 stories, 8. The eighth group is about the eighth group of 10 stories, 9. The ninth group is about the ninth group of 10 stories, 10. The tenth group is about the tenth group of 10 stories.

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO PRESS

[illegible]

**Advertisement**

The authors are grateful to Dr. J. L. Kicey for his helpful comments.

This work was supported by National Science Foundation Grant DMR-80-17692.

Received May 13, 1981

Accepted June 2, 1981

THESE RESULTS WERE REPRODUCED IN THE  
 FOLLOWING STUDY BY THE SAME RESEARCHERS  
 USING A DIFFERENT SAMPLE OF 100 STUDENTS  
 FROM THE SAME UNIVERSITY.

[illegible]





